



Agenda

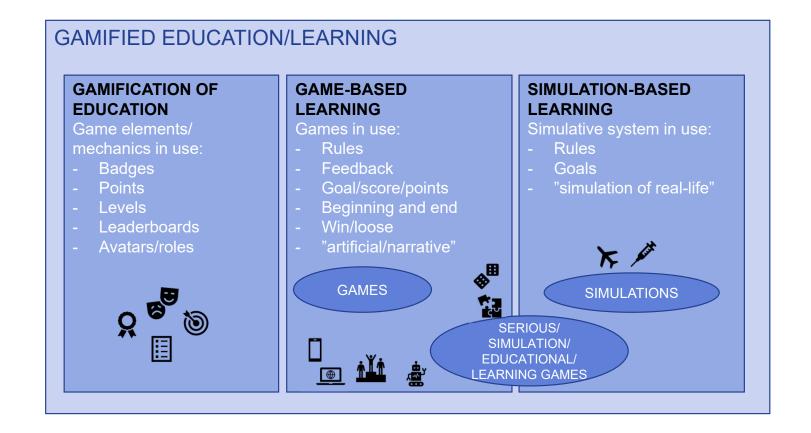


- Introduction to Project Business Game
- Integration of game-based learning solutions to teaching
- Available learning solutions

2 18.10.2022 Lisää tarvittaessa alatunnisteteksti Oulun yliopisto



Background





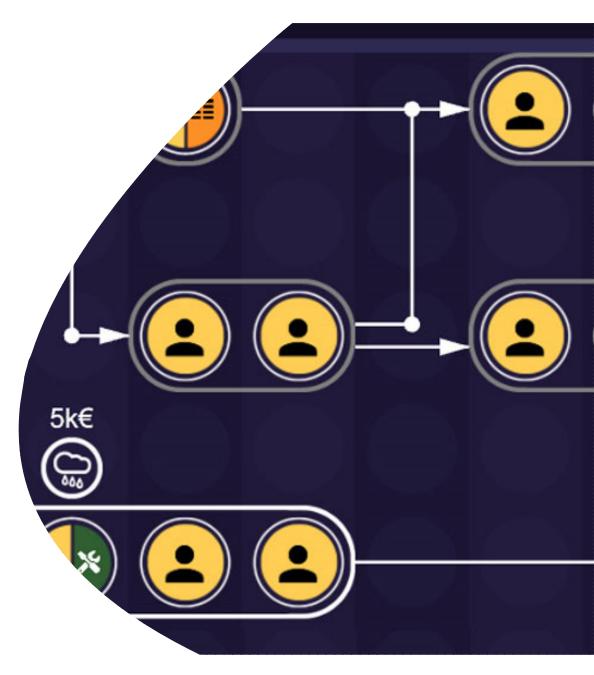
PROJECT BUSINESS GAME

Provo research project (9/2020 – 4/2022)

Provo project goal

To support project management teaching and learning with **configurable** gaming solution incorporated into learning solutions.

https://www.pmlearning.fi



Projectification of society











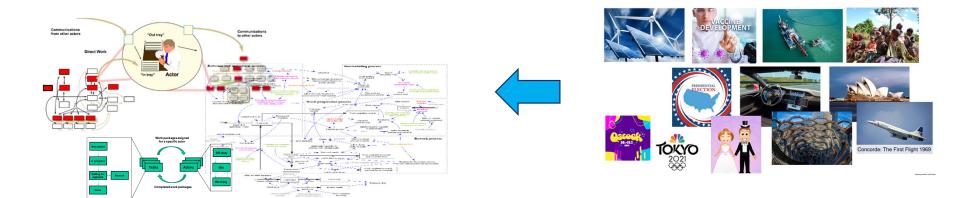








From real world to simulation and modelling



to virtual game environment





Solutions to meet learning goals

Virtual game environment





Material and tools for teacher

How to apply the concept of critical path in project management?





Materials to support learning







Learning solutions

Learning solution is a complete package that includes:

- Materials for students to prepare for the game session
- Game(s) to be played during the game session and teaching materials for teacher to facilitate game session
- Material for post-game reflection including any assignment for students

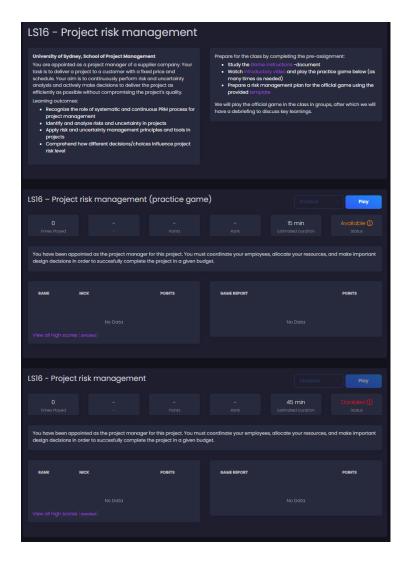
Example of learning solution:

https://portal.projectbusinessgame.com

Learning solution identifier: LS16_trial

Login: quest@oulu.fi

Password: guest@oulu.fi

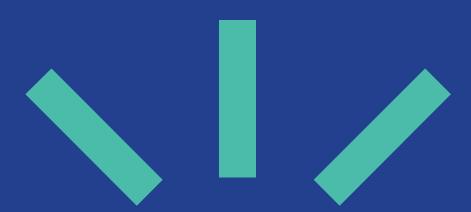




Relevant issues to consider in the integration of based learning solutions to teaching



- 1. What is the **role** of the **learning solution**?
- Raise curiosity/motivate/engage students
- Bring variation to teaching/learning methods
- Encourage socializing and student-to-student learning
- Apply and elaborate previous knowledge
- Learn new content (knowledge, skills)
- Course/module/program built around learning solution
- 2. How much **time** is **available** for the learning solution?
- Time allocated for self-study
- Time allocated for contact teaching
- Number of contact teaching sessions
- 3. Which parts of the learning solution are used in **grading?**
- Pre-assignment
- Game score/result
- Specific game events/decisions
- Debriefing/post-game discussion/reflection
- Post-assignment
- None



How to implement learning solutions? – Five typical implementations

General guidelines and typical workflows for implementing learning solutions.



Complete self-study

Students study learning solution materials, play practice game and the official game outside classroom context (independently)

Teacher workflow

- Before students' self-study
 - Provide brief description/introduction of the learning solution and its learning outcomes
 - Provide instructions for portal registration
- During students' self-study:
 - Provide support for students (if required)
 - Review students' game results
- After students' self-study:
 - Review students' post-game reflection survey and/or assignment (if applicable)
 - Grading (if applicable)
 - Complete teacher feedback survey (in portal)

- Self-study:
 - Register in game portal following teacher's instructions
 - Study the learning solution materials following instructions in game portal (individually)
 - Play the practice game to learn game mechanics (individually)
 - Complete pre-assignment and prepare for playing the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Play the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Complete post-game assignment (if required)
 - Reflect on how the expected learning outcomes were achieved (survey in portal)



Self-study-oriented implementation

Students study learning solution materials, play a practice game and the official game outside classroom context (independently) and prepare post-game analyses for discussion in a debriefing session

Teacher workflow

- Before students' self-study
 - Provide brief description/introduction of the learning solution and its learning outcomes
 - Provide instructions for portal registration
- During students' self-study:
 - Provide support for students
 - Prepare for contact teaching session by utilizing learning solution material for teachers
 - Review students' game results and post-game assignments (if applicable)
- Contact teaching:
 - Organize debriefing session
 - Facilitate students' discussion and/or raise issues for discussion by utilizing teacher's debriefing material
- After contact teaching:
 - Review students' post-game reflection survey
 - Grading (if applicable)
 - Complete teacher feedback survey (in portal)

- Self-study:
 - Register in game portal following teacher's instructions
 - Study the learning solution materials following instructions in game portal (individually)
 - Play the practice game to learn game mechanics (individually)
 - Complete pre-assignment and prepare for playing the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Play the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Complete post-game assignment and prepare for the debriefing session (individually or in groups)
- Contact teaching:
 - Participate in debriefing session
 - Students discuss/share their insights from the game and post-game assignment
 - Reflect on how the expected learning outcomes were achieved (survey in portal)



Balanced self-study and contact teaching

Students familiarize themselves with learning solution materials, play a practice game and try the official game outside classroom context (independently), but the official game and analyses take place in a contact teaching session

Teacher workflow

- Before students' self-study
 - Provide brief description/introduction of the learning solution and its learning outcomes
 - Provide instructions for portal registration
- During students' self-study:
 - Provide support for students (if required)
 - Prepare for contact teaching session by utilizing learning solution material for teachers
 - Review students' pre-assignments
- Contact teaching:
 - Organize and facilitate/lead students' game play
 - Facilitate students' post-game discussion and/or raise issues for discussion by utilizing students' game results and teacher's debriefing material
- After contact teaching:
 - Grading (if applicable)
 - Complete teacher feedback survey (in portal)

- Self-study:
 - Register in game portal following teacher's instructions
 - Study the learning solution materials following instructions in game portal (individually)
 - Play the practice game to learn game mechanics (individually)
 - Complete pre-assignment and prepare for playing the official game (individually or in groups)
- Contact teaching:
 - Play the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Prepare for the debriefing (individually or in groups)
 - Students discuss/share their insights from the game
 - Reflect on how the expected learning outcomes were achieved (survey in portal)



Contact teaching-oriented implementation

Students familiarize themselves with learning solution materials and play a practice game outside classroom context (independently), but the official game and analyses take place in contact teaching

Teacher workflow

- Before students' self-study
 - Provide brief description/introduction of the learning solution and its learning outcomes
 - Provide instructions for portal registration
- During students' self-study:
 - Provide support for students
 - Prepare for contact teaching session by utilizing learning solution material for teachers
- Contact teaching:
 - Provide introduction to the learning solution and its learning outcomes
 - Organize and facilitate/lead students' game play
 - Facilitate students' post-game discussion and/or raise issues for discussion by utilizing students' game results and teacher's debriefing material
- After contact teaching:
 - Grading (if applicable)
 - Complete teacher feedback survey (in portal)

- Self-study:
 - Register in game portal following teacher's instructions
 - Study the learning solution materials following instructions in game portal (individually)
 - Play the practice game to learn game mechanics (individually)
- Contact teaching:
 - Prepare for the official game according to teacher's instructions (individually or in groups)
 - Play the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Prepare for the debriefing (individually or in groups)
 - Students discuss/share their insights from the game
 - Reflect on how the expected learning outcomes were achieved (survey in portal)



Complete contact teaching

Students may register in the game portal before contact teaching, but all other learning solution activities, including introduction, practice game, etc. are implemented in classroom context

Teacher workflow

- Before contact teaching:
 - Provide instructions for portal registration
 - Prepare for contact teaching session by utilizing learning solution material for teachers
- Contact teaching:
 - Introduce learning solution, its learning outcomes, case description and game mechanics
 - Organize and facilitate/lead students' game play
 - Facilitate students' post-game discussion and/or raise issues for discussion by utilizing students' game results and teacher's debriefing material
- After contact teaching:
 - Grading (if applicable)
 - Complete teacher feedback survey (in portal)

- Before contact teaching:
 - Register in game portal following teacher's instructions
- Contact teaching:
 - Prepare for the official game according to teacher's instructions
 - Play the official game (individually or in groups)
 - Prepare for the debriefing (individually or in groups)
 - Students discuss/share their insights from the game
 - Reflect on how the expected learning outcomes were achieved (survey in portal)



Example: self-study oriented teaching

Students study learning solution materials, play a practice game and the official game outside classroom context (independently) and prepare post-game analyses for discussion in a debriefing session

Before contact teaching session

- Introduction to learning solution and pre-assignment (15 min)
- Students watch introduction video and play practice game
- Students complete preassignment individually (1 week)

Contact teaching session (2-4 h)

- Students prepare for the game in groups
- Students play the game in groups
- Students complete postgame analysis in groups
- Discussion of key learnings and student presentations

After contact teaching session

- Students prepare an essay of their key learnings individually
- Student essays used for assessment purposes



Why to use game based learning methods?

BENEFITS FOR STUDENTS OF GAMIFICATION/GAME-BASED LEARNING METHODS:

Students like to play, have fun and get excited	
Students get inspired and motivated	Students' Interest in learning content increases
Students are used to digital tools and games	
Students can apply the learnings with practical excercise	
Students can try out and repeat in simulation environment	Students learn the subject by doing, trial and error in risk-free environment
Students become active learners	
Students learn from peers during teamwork and debriefing	Students learn together and learn generic skills
Students make decisions, take risks and see the consequences	Students learn together and learn generic skills
Students learn from mistakes they make	Students get a memorable learning experience
Students' emotions are involved in learning process	Students fee a memorable learning experience

Jääskä, E., & Aaltonen, K. (2022). *Teachers' experiences of using game-based learning methods in project management higher education*. Project Leadership and Society, 3, 100041. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.plas.2022.100041.



List of learning solutions

In the research project we have designed and implemented over 20 learning solutions, which have been used in over 60 pilot cases (3000+ students). If you are interested to learn more, please contact Jaakko Kujala (jaakko.kujala@oulu.fi) for more information

_	LS01 Constructing and operating a chemical plant	LS13 Building a new electric station (in Finnish)
_	LS02 Concurrent engineering	LS14 Critical path management
_	LS03 Restaurant renovation	LS15 Change management*
_	LS04 Townhouse building project	LS16 Project risk management
_	LS05 Production line design and implementation	LS17 Agile software project management
_	LS06 Project management monitoring and control	LS18 Corporate social responsibility
_	LS07 Introduction to basic project management	LS20 Earned value management
_	LS08 Liquified gas collector for oil platform	LS21 Public procurement of an IT system (In Finnish)
_	LS09 Production line investment project	LS22 Shipbuilding project (in Finnish)
_	LS10 Critical chain project management	LS25 New product development*
_	LS11 Project sustainability / circular economy	
_	LS12 Project portfolio management	* Under development



List of publications

- Jääskä, E., & Aaltonen, K. (2022). Teachers' experiences of using game-based learning methods in project management higher education. Project Leadership and Society, 3, 100041. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.plas.2022.100041.
- Jääskä, E., Lehtinen, J., Kujala, J., & Kauppila, O. (2022). Game-based learning and students' motivation in project management education. Project Leadership and Society, 3, 100055. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.plas.2022.100055.
- Jääskä, E., Aaltonen, K., & Kujala, J. (2021). Game-based learning in project sustainability management education. Sustainability, 13(15), 8204. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13158204.
- Jääskä, E., Kujala, J., & Aaltonen, K. (2022). A game-based learning method to teach Project
 Management the case of Earned Value Management. (submitted to journal October 2022)



Thank you!

Questions?

